

APAR Industries Limited

Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

1.1	Product Identifier		
	Product name	POWEROIL RP DW 150 (C)	
	Product description	Rust Preventive oil	
	Product type	Liquid	
1.2	Identified uses		
	Distribution of substance	Industrial	
	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures Manufacture of substance Functional Fluids	Industrial Industrial Industrial	
1.3	.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
	Supplier/Manufacturer	APAR Industries Limited	
		18 T.T.C., M.I.D.C. Industrial Area , Thane Belapur Road , Rabale, Navi Mumbai – 400701. India. +91 22 61110444 (Office hours 9.30am to 17.00pm) www.apar.com	
	e- mail address of person	hse@apar.com	
	responsible for this SDS		
1.4	Emergency telephone number	+91 9833811132	

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word			
Hazard statements			

H 226 – Flammable liquid and vapors, Category 3 H 304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements Prevention Response	Not applicable P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. P405 - Store locked up.
Storage Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Not applicable
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture,	

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Not applicable

Not applicable



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SECTION 3 COMPOSTION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures	Mixture			
Product/Ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Low boiling hydrogen treated naphtha Petroleum solvent refined Heavy paraffinic Rust preventive additive Blend (Proprietary)	CAS No 64742-82-1 CAS 64741-88-4 CAS 68608 – 26 -4	50 - 85 10 -30 8- 25	H 226 H 304 H 304	[1] [1] [1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES	
4.1 Description of first aid measures	
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If
Inhalation	casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.
	Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
Ingestion	Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Protection of first-aiders	Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.		
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Notes to physician	Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.		
Specific treatments	Always assume that aspiration has occurred.		

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES



5.1 Extinguishing media

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Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water spray or foam. Suitable extinguishing media Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazards from the substance In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. or mixture This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water. Hazardous thermal Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, decomposition products gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. 5.3 Advice for firefighters Special precautions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of

protection for chemical incidents.

6.1 Personal precautions, protectiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	 Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed ,are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current
	direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.
	Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate.
	Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons.
	Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.
	Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H2S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.
	In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or
	other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment

APAR Tomorrow's solutions today	APAR Industr	ries Limited	Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by
and design on			Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.
and cleaning up Small spill Large spill	Large spillages use water jet. V	may be cautiously cover When inside buildings c	product with suitable non-combustible materials. red with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected ils to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 8 fo	or emergency contact information on approp for additional waste treat	priate personal protective equipment.
SECTION 7 HANDLING AND ST	ORAGE		
7.1 Advice on general occupationa hygiene Storage	accumulate in the should be pro thoroughly after	he workplaces and shou hibited in areas where	ures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to all never be kept inside the pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands aminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for ures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	regional, nation of leaks or spills	al or local legislation. St s. Cleaning, inspection a	ipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant orage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done d personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
SECTION 7 HANDLING AND ST	ORAGE		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Recommended Some synthetic specification and Keep only in the closed and sea opened must b harmful, flamma	materials may be unsuit d intended use. Compat e original container or in led until ready for use. we carefully resealed an able/combustible or exp	, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable : table for containers or container linings depending on the material ibility should be checked with the manufacturer. In a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been d kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain plosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect
7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations	Not available Not available		
Industrial sector specific solutions			
SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTR			
	ld be consulted for a	ny available use-specific	information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).
8.1 Control parameters Occupational exposure limits			
Product/Ingredient name		Exposure limits values	
Low boiling point hydrogen treated		EH40 (United Kingdom	(UK). TWA: 350 mg/m3 8 hour(s) TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s)
Petroleum solvent refined Heavy paraffinic		EH40 (United Kingdom	(UK)). TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral STEL: 10

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological Recommended monitoring procedures monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in 8.2 Exposure Control construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature Appropriate engineering control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.

mg/m3 15 minute(s). Form: Oil mist, minera



Environmental exposure controls

lomorrow's solutions today	Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.
Controls	
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u> Hand protection Body protection	4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task
Other skin protection	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

(REACH), Annex II, as amended by

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Appearance	Clear liquid	
Physical state	Liquid	
Color	Amber Color	
Odor	Mild petro odor	
Odor threshold	Not available	
рН	Not applicable	
Melting point/Pour point	4°C (ASTM D-97)	
Flash point	42 °C ,PMCC (ASTM D 93)	
Evaporation rate	Not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available	
Flammability limits in air,	Not available	
lower, % by volume		
Flammability limits in air,	Not available	
upper, % by volume		
Vapour pressure	No Data	
Density	0.84 max at 15°C	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient	Not available	
(n-octanol/water)		
Decomposition temperature	No Data	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 220 Deg C	
Viscosity, Kinematic at 40°C (104°F)	2.5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D445)	
Explosive properties	No Data	
Oxidising properties	No Data	
	Not available	

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
 10.1 Reactivity 10.2 Chemical stability 10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions 10.4 Conditions to avoid 10.5 Incompatible materials 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products 	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Stable under normal conditions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Oxidising agent. Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents. Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	



SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated Heavy / light paraffinic oil	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>2.18 mg/l >5000 mg/kg >15000 mg/kg	4 hours - -
Irritation/Corrosion				
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Еуе	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<u>Sensitisation</u>				
Skin	No known significant effects or critical ha	azards.		
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or			
	genotoxic.			

|--|

Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards. The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely	
	hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.	
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified	
- single exposure		
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified	
- repeated exposure		
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard - Category 1	
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.	
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Potential chronic health effects		
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be	
	regarded as a carcinogen.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Other information	Not available.	
Specific hazard		
SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFO	RMATION	
12.1 Toxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	Not inherently biodegradable.	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.	
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.	
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB	Not applicable.	
Assessment		



12.6 Other adverse effects

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Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods Product Methods of disposal Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal. Hazardous waste Yes European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste designation Waste code Waste designation

13 03 07*	mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be
	recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number			UN 1993	UN 1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid	Flammable liquid	Flammable liquid	Flammable liquid
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes	yes	yes	yes
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

User

according to Annex I of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to	authorization
Annex XIV	None of the components are listed.
Substances of very high concern	None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the	Not applicable.
manufacture, placing on the market and	
use of certain dangerous substances,	
mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	

Oils



Seveso D

country(s).

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Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International Lists	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
National Inventory		
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all components	of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing cou	ntry(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION		
Revision comments	Not available.	
Legend to abbreviations		
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.	
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.	
IMDG – CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.	
IATA	International air transport association.	
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.	
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].	
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC)	
	No. 1907/2006].	
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.	
LD 50	Median lethal dose.	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.	

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification
Asp. Tox. 1, H226		Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226 Flammable liquid and	vapors.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Asp. Tox. 1, H226 ASPIRA	TION HAZARD - Category 1.
Date of issue/Date of revision	1 st October 2020.	
Date of previous issue	January 2019	
Version	01	

Disclaimer

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