

Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF TH	HE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE	AND OF	THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKIN	G		
1.1 Product Identifier Product name Product description Product type MARPOL Annex- I	Transformer oil POWEROIL TO 1020 60 UX Insulating oil Liquid Oils					
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the su	bstance or mixture and uses	advised ag	ainst			
Identified uses						
Formulation and (re)packing of substan Use in functional fluids - Industrial Use in functional fluids - Professional	ces and mixtures - Industrial					
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safe	ty data sheet					
Supplier/Manufacturer	+91 22 61110444 (Office hours www.apar.com		apur Road , Rabale, Navi Mumbai – 4007(.00pm)	D1. India.		
e- mail address of person responsible for this SDS	hse@apar.com					
1.4 Emergency telephone number	+91 9833811132					
SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICA	ATION					
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 The product is classified as hazardous accordi See Section 16 for the full text of the H stateme 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms		as amended.				
Signal word	Danger H 304 : May be fatal if swallowe	d and enters a	iirways.			
Hazard statements If SOLF 1 May be failed in swallowed and enters and ways. Precautionary statements Not applicable Prevention P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce Storage Vomiting. Disposal Not applicable Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international						
placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles 2.3 Other hazards	Not applicable					
Substance meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do not result in	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.					
classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.					
SECTION 3 COMPOSTION/ INFOR	MATION ON INGREDIEN	rs				
3.2 Mixtures	Mixture					
Des des talle and dis set as a set	Linutter.	97	Classification	T		



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ĺ	Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated	EC: 265-158-7	<50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
	light paraffinic Oil.	CAS: 64742-55-8			
	2,6 –Di-tert-Butyl-P-Cresol	CAS: 128-37-0	0.3 – 0.4	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
		EC : 204-881-4		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Annex VI Nota L applies to the base oil(s) in this product. Nota L – The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES	
4.1 Description of first aid measures	

4.1 Description of first aid measures	
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist.
	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If
Inhalation	casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide
	artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.
	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a
Skin contact	safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.
Skin confact	Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for
	symptoms to develop.
	Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If
	vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional
Ingestion	medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get
	medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or
	waistband.
	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the
	person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
	Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including
Protection of first-aiders	disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is
	present before entry into confined spaces.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain. Slight Irritation		
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Irritation, Dryness, cracking		
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Adverse symptoms may include the following:		
	Nausea or vomiting. diarrhea		
4.3 Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.		
Specific treatments	Always assume that aspiration has occurred.		
SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING M	IEASURES		
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water spray or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire		
	Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.		
5.2 Special hazards arising from	n the substance or mixture		
Hazards from the substance In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.			
or mixture	This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.		
Hazardous thermal	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates		
decomposition products	gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and		
	inorganic compounds.		



5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

APAR Industries Limited

6.1 Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed ,are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or
For emergency responders	 limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H2S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for contai	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND	STORAGE
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Prevent the risk of slipping. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid products. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

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Advice on general occupational hygiene
StorageEnsure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to
accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should
be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after
handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional
information on hygiene measures.7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including
any incompatibilitiesStorage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant
regional, national, or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bonds in case
of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection, and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done
only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Store separately from oxidising agents.

Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible, or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Not available

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations Industrial sector

specific solutions

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not available

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits			
Product/Ingredient name	E	xposure limits values	
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic		/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [old used mineral oil] bsorbed through skin.	
	Т	/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes] WA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume TEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.	
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic		/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [old used mineral oil] bsorbed through skin.	
		/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes] NA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume	
	S	FEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume	
Oil mist	[A	vir contaminant]	
		/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes] WA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume	
	S	TEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume	
	W	/ork environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden 9/2021). [old used mineral oil]	
	A	bsorbed through skin.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	monitoring may be the necessity to u such as the follow of exposure by ir European Standar the assessment o atmospheres - Ge agents) Reference	Absorbed through skin. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplaceatmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
8.2 Exposure Control			
Appropriate engineering Controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control		
Individual protection measures equipment should be used to avoid overheating.		be used to avoid overheating.	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, fore	arms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,	



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	before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash
Eye/face protection	stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Skin protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection	4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colurlees to Light yellow
Odor	Odorless
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/Pour point	< -40°C (ASTM D-97)
Flash point	> 140°C Pensky-Mertens (ASTM D 93)
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
lower, % by volume	
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
upper, % by volume	
Vapour pressure	Not available
Density	0.890 max at 15°C
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient	Not available
(n-octanol/water)	
Decomposition temperature	No Data
Auto-ignition temperature	> 250°C
Viscosity, Kinematic at 40°C (104°F)	0.08 cm ² /s to 0.11 cm ² /s (8.00 to 11.00 cSt)
Explosive properties	No Data
Oxidising properties	No Data
DMSO extractable compounds for base oil	< 3%
substance(s) according to IP346	

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Oxidising agent.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and		
	inorganic compounds.		

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated light	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
naphthenic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-





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			F F O //	4.1
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated Light	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
2,6-di-tert-butyi-p-cresol	LD50 Dermai	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion				-
Skin	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.		
Eye	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<u>Sensitisation</u>				
Skin	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.		
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	No data available to indicate product o	r any components prese	ent at greater than 0.1%	are mutagenic or
	genotoxic.			
SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL IN				
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is base	d on an severely hydro	otreated distillate. The p	product should not be
	regarded as a carcinogen.			
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to	reproduction.		
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified			
- single exposure				
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified			
- repeated exposure				
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard - Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and trai	nsient pain.		
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at eleva	ated temperatures may a	cause respiratory irritation	on.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.		
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Potential chronic health effects				
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be			
	regarded as a carcinogen.			
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical	hazards.		
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Other information	Not available.			
Specific hazard				
•	Not listed			
Endocrine disrupting properties	INDE IISTEC			

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
12.1 Toxicity	xicity Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.		
12.2 Persistence and degradability Inherently biodegradable.			
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.			
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.		
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment Not applicable.			
12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties Not listed			
12.6 Other adverse effects Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms			
	Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.		
SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).



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13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u> Methods of disposal

Hazardous waste

Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal.

Yes

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Waste code Waste designation		
13 03 07* mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils		
Packaging		

<u>Packaging</u> Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-	-

 14.6 Special precautions for User
 Transport within the user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

 Ensure that the persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Oils

Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization			
Annex XIV	None of the components are listed.		
Substances of very high concern	None of the components are listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and	Not applicable.		
use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles			
Other EU regulations			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water	Not listed		
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)	Not listed		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)	Not listed		
Persistent Organic Pollutants	Not listed		
Seveso Directive	This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.		
National regulations			
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	Not listed		
Montreal Protocol	Not listed		
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutant	Not listed		
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)	Not listed		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	Not listed		





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National Inventory	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
* A "Mary" in disease that all company to a fahis morely at comply with the investor province and invited and hy the revenues a comply (a)		

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION			
Revision comments	ents Not available.		
Legend to abbreviations	nd to abbreviations		
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.		
IMDG – CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International air transport association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC)		
	No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.		
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]			
Classification Justification			

			J
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		Calculation method
	Full text of abbreviated H statements	H304 May be fatal if swa	llowed and enters airways.
	Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASF	IRATION HAZARD - Category 1.
	Date of issue/Date of revision	1 st January 2024	
	Date of previous issue	1 st October 2020.	
	Version	10	

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.